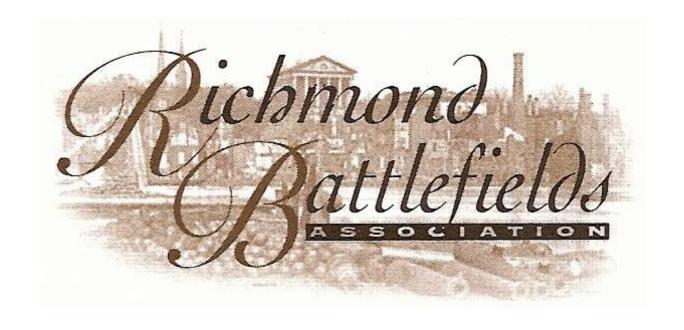
Historic Preservation Easements: Two Case Studies



Richmond Battlefields Association Ben Brockenbrough, President



You will encounter historic preservation easements in two ways:



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1. They are an important tool for preservation, providing tax credit incentives to property owners in exchange for the surrender of their right to develop their property.



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- 1. They are an important tool for preservation, providing tax credit incentives to property owners in exchange for the surrender of their right to develop their property.
- 2. They are a requirement of many government funding programs, including:

American Battlefields Protection Program (US) **Civil War Sites Protection Fund** (VA).



ABPP and the CWSPF rules specify that the state be the holder of preservation easements.

 VA easements are administered according to the Open-Space Land Act.



THE GOOD NEWS:



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Virginia Department of Historic Resources (DHR)
is the designated holder of VA historic
preservation easements.

Easements administered by experts in, and advocates for, historic preservation.



THE GOOD NEWS:

 VA has one of the most generous tax credit incentives in the US.



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 VA has one of the most generous tax credit incentives in the US.

Tax credits can be spread out over multiple years.

Tax credits can be sold on the market.



THE (not so) GOOD NEWS:

The process to qualify for tax credits is rigorous.



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The process to qualify for tax credits is rigorous.

Requires a specially qualified real estate appraiser.

Qualified appraisers are few, can cherry pick from the most lucrative jobs.



THE (not so) GOOD NEWS:

- Tax credits are more valuable at times when the real estate market is high.
- Tax credits are more attractive to landowners who pay high taxes than they are to less-wealthy land holders.



THE (not so) GOOD NEWS:

 Oversight of easements is multijurisdictional, from Federal and State agencies down to local Boards of Supervisors.



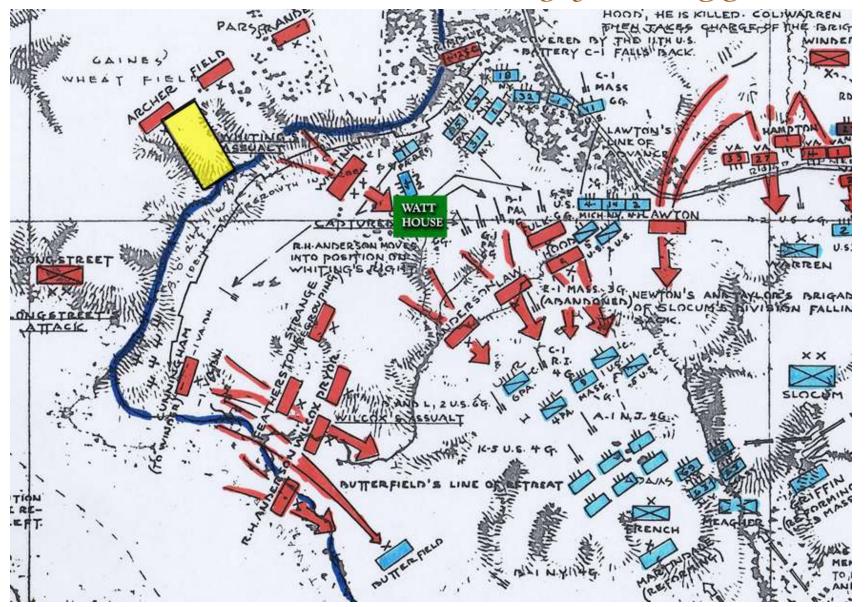
THE (not so) GOOD NEWS:

 Oversight of easements is multijurisdictional, from Federal and State agencies down to local Boards of Supervisors.

This creates a confusing and overlapping mash-up of law and public policy.

You are now entering...







2008

NPS contacts RBA to investigate For Sale sign on battlefield.

RBA negotiates with family and buys 3.2 acres on Boatswain's Creek and park boundary.

RBA has large non-historic house demolished and removed, site remediated.



2009

RBA applies for and receives CWSPF grant, agrees to historic easement.

Texas Historical Commission erects state monument commemorating attack of Hood's Texas Brigade.



2010

RBA notifies NPS that property is ready for transfer.



2010

RBA notifies NPS that property is ready for transfer.

NPS declines – state they want the property but will not accept a preservation easement.



2014

With support of DHR, RBA requests permission to return CWSPF funds and walk away from easement agreement.

Currently awaiting approval from Office of the Attorney General.



Alternative outcomes?



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IF you intend to sell your historic property, and

IF your buyer will accept a preservation easement,



Alternative outcomes?

IF you intend to sell your historic property, and

IF your buyer will accept a preservation easement,

The easement can wipe out most of your property's real estate value.

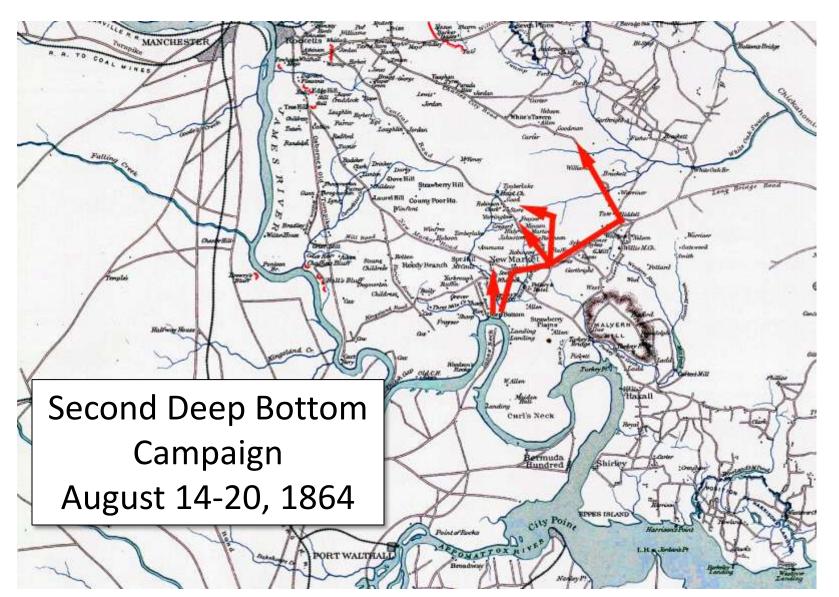
A property easement can reduce the value of your property by as much as

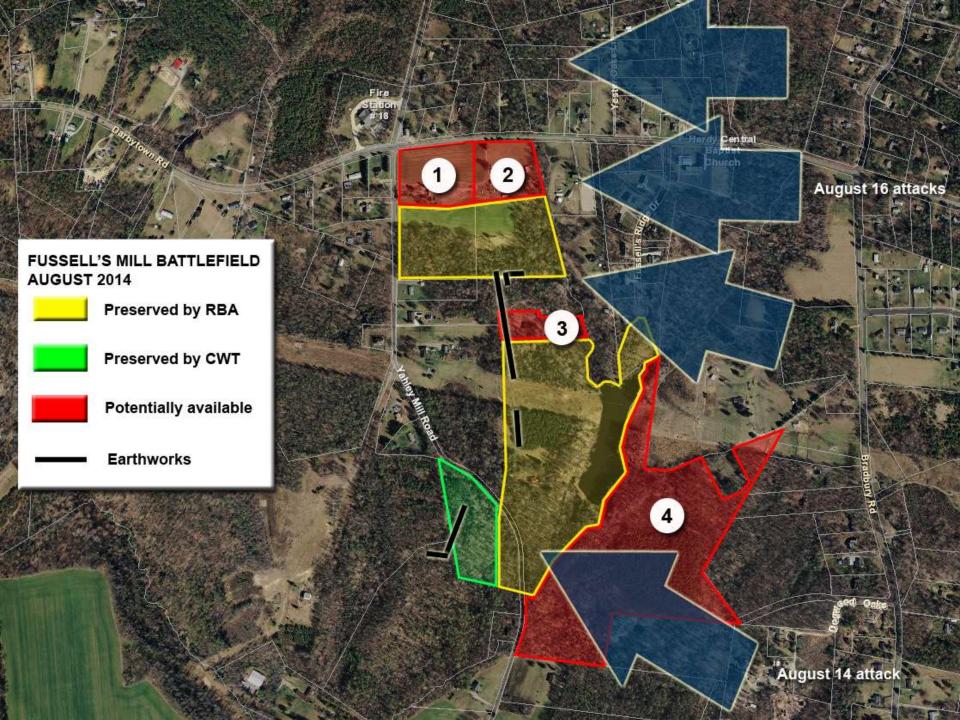
76%.



Case Study #2: Fussell's Mill, VA

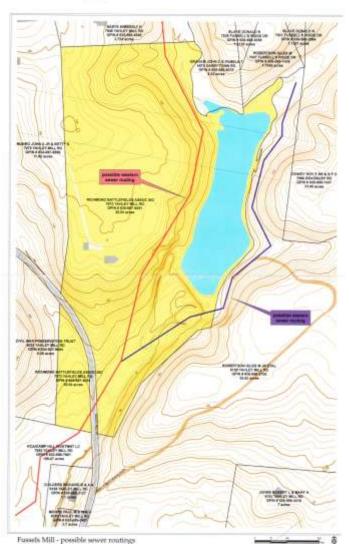




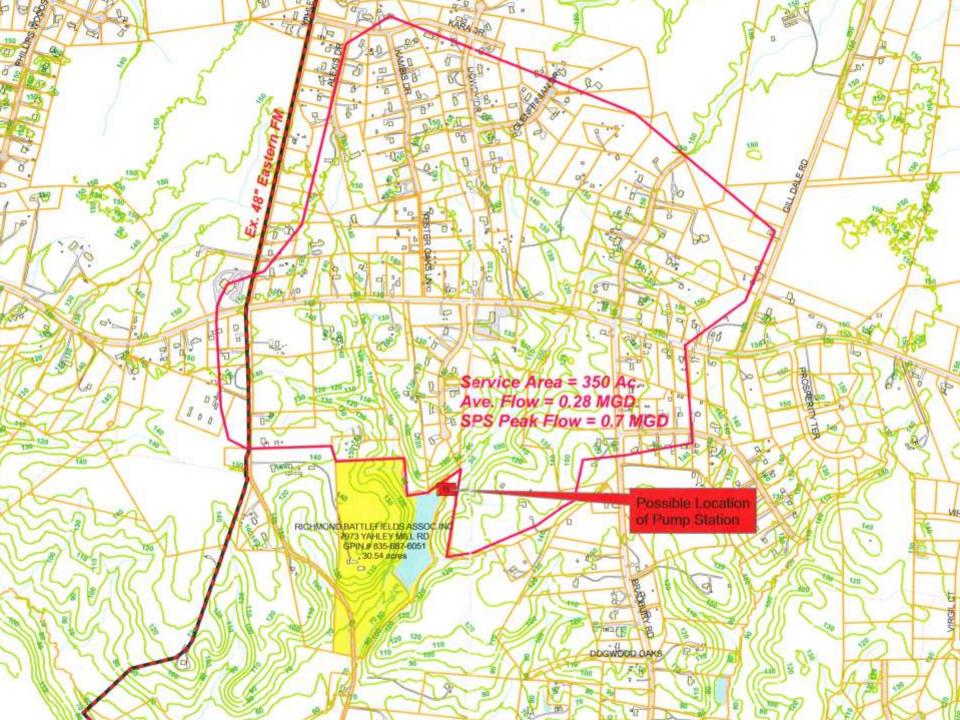




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- Road widened to 4 lanes,
 66-foot easement
- Water line buried in road right-of-way
- Sewer line along Bailey
 Creek/Yahley Mill pond with
 raised manhole turrets and
 possible sewage pumping
 station at head of pond, to
 serve upstream households





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"These improvements (and any necessary easements through the subject property) are critical to providing water and sewer service to a large portion of eastern Henrico. The County could support the proposed conservation easement provided it could be drafted in such a way that it would not circumvent the planned utility and road improvements in the future."

R.J. Emerson, Jr. Director of Planning



"The County supports your efforts to preserve this important and historic site. Although, it could be decades before we would ever need to install infrastructure in this area, the County cannot give up its ability to obtain an easement to provide sanitary sewer to our citizens if needed in the future."

for Virgil R. Hazlett
County Manager

Code of Virginia -- Title 10.1 - CONSERVATION.

- § 10.1-1010. Creation, acceptance and duration.
- A. A holder may acquire a conservation easement by gift, purchase, devise or bequest.
- B. No right or duty in favor of or against a holder and no right in favor of a person having a third-party right of enforcement arises under a conservation easement before its acceptance by the holder and a recordation of the acceptance.
- C. A conservation easement shall be perpetual in duration unless the instrument creating it otherwise provides a specific time. For all easements, the holder shall (i) meet the criteria in § 10.1-1009 and (ii) either have had a principal office in the Commonwealth for at least five years, or be a national organization in existence for at least five years which has an office in the Commonwealth and has registered and is in good standing with the State Corporation Commission. Until a holder has met these requirements, the holder may co-hold a conservation easement with another holder that meets the requirements.
- D. An interest in real property in existence at the time a conservation easement is created is not impaired by it unless the owner of the interest is a party to the conservation easement or consents to it in writing.
- E. No conservation easement shall be valid and enforceable unless the limitations or obligations created thereby conform in all respects to the comprehensive plan at the time the easement is granted for the area in which the real property is located.
- F. This chapter does not affect the power of the court to modify or terminate a conservation easement in accordance with the principles of law and equity, or in any way limit the power of eminent domain as possessed by any public body. In any such proceeding the holder of the conservation easement shall be compensated for the value of the easement.

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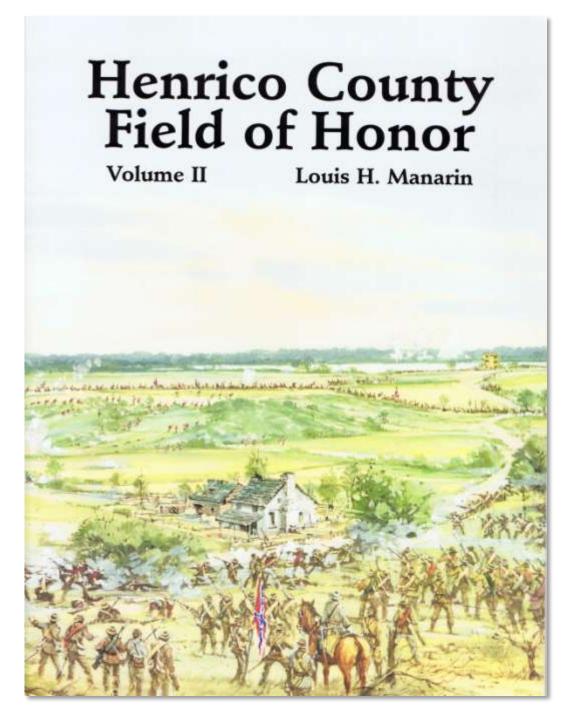
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(1988, cc. 720, 891; 2000, c. <u>182</u>; 2003, c. <u>1014</u>.)

Henrico County Board of Supervisors meeting September 25, 2012







Henrico County - Fr

FinistI's Mill as it appeared early in the assentieth century when it was known as Yahley's Mill.

Courtess of Dr. & Mrs. Gles M Basses.

Chapter Seven

Second Deep Bottom — The Second Seven Days' Battles Around Richmond

"At this time not only the day but Richmond seemed to be gone . . . and . . . the people even in Richmond, a few miles off, were never aware how great their danger was, and never knew of nor appreciated the importance of the battle. Indeed, it was scarcely known that a battle had been fought and won."

Major General Charles W. Field Fussell's Mill, August 16, 1864, 12:00 noon.

The month of August 1864 witnessed significant activity north of the James River as Grant took every opportunity to extend his own lines and to force Lee to retain his army on the defensive from Richmond to the south of Petersburg. During the month, Union naval activity increased on the river, the Union passages at

Deep Bottom continued, excavation started on the canal upriver at Dutch Gap, and in mid-August, what would later be called the Second Deep Bottom Campaign, witnessed what Grant himself described as "some tolerably hard fighting."

Frustrated by the Confederate batteries above Dutch Gap, General Benjamin F. Butler proposed the excavation of a canal at Dutch Gap, some three and a half miles upriver from

Deep Bottom. Butler proposed the project in order to bypass the shallow waters of Trent's Reach and to provide access to the upper James. At Durch Gap the river turned describe to the color. and a half miles around the peninsula, the river channel pinched back to the east toward the lower turn before it turned north. The lower and upper turns were separated by a narrow neck of land some 500 feet wide.

The County of Henrico traces its beginning as a geographic-political entity back to this narrow

> neck of land. Early September 1611, Sir Thomas Dale, under direction of the Virginia Company of London, moved up the James from James town to establish the colony's secand settlement. Dale established his town, which he called Henrico in honor of Henry Frederick, Prince of Wales, James I's son, 'upon a neck of very high land. 3 parts there of environed with the main River." As

Farme's Bland/Down Cosp and entirons — 1862 Confederate map drawn by Capitain William Thomas Hards Engineer, CSA

Pyrone collection of Charles Hardy Pepile.

Dale's men erected a log fence known as a pale across the narrow neck of land. Behind the pale sade fence, Dale's men cleared "seven English

HENRICO HISTORIC PRESERVATION ADVISORY COMMITTEE



2010 Award of Merit In recognition of distinguished contributions to historic preservation in the County of Henrico, Virginia presented to the

Richmond Battlefields Association

For acquisition and protection of the Fussell's Mill property associated with the 1864 second Deep Bottom Civil War battlefield.

County Manager

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Chairman Board of Supervisors Richard a MNew

Chairman Henrico Historic Preservation Advisory Committee



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Thank you.

